CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Unitholders and the Board of Trustees of Slate Grocery REIT

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Slate Grocery REIT (the "REIT"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the REIT as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards ("Canadian GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the REIT in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matter

A key audit matter is a matter that, in our professional judgment, was of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. This matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter.

Valuation of Properties – refer to Notes 3 and 5 of the consolidated financial statements

Key Audit Matter Description

The REIT has elected the fair value model for all properties and, accordingly, measures all properties at fair value subsequent to initial recognition on the consolidated statement of financial position. The fair value of properties is determined primarily using the overall income capitalization method, which uses current leasing and market assumptions. The determination of the fair value of properties requires the use of assumptions such as future cash flows from assets, tenant profiles, future revenue streams and overall repair and condition of the property and capitalization rates.

While there are several assumptions used to determine the fair value of properties, the assumption with the highest degree of subjectivity and impact on fair value are the capitalization rates. Auditing the capitalization rates required a high degree of auditor judgment as the estimations made by management contain significant measurement uncertainty. This resulted in an increased extent of audit effort, including the need to involve fair value specialists.

How the Key Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit

With the assistance of fair value specialists, the audit procedures related to the capitalization rates, included, amongst others, evaluating their reasonableness by considering recent market transactions and industry surveys.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained Management's Discussion and Analysis prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the REIT's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the REIT or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the REIT's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian GAAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the REIT's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the REIT's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the REIT to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the REIT to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Francesco Quatrale.

Chartered Professional Accountants

Licensed Public Accountants

Toronto, Ontario February 14, 2023

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	Dece	mber 31, 2022	December 31, 20		
ASSETS						
Non-current assets						
Properties	5	\$	2,087,432	\$	1,608,655	
Interest rate swaps	10		16,416		_	
Joint venture investments	6		109,456		87,304	
Other assets	7		1,189		1,446	
		\$	2,214,493	\$	1,697,405	
Current assets						
Other assets	7		5,175		3,435	
Interest rate swaps	10		2,315		_	
Prepaids			4,376		4,711	
Accounts receivable	8		23,649		17,573	
Cash			20,392		14,038	
		\$	55,907	\$	39,757	
Total assets		\$	2,270,400	\$	1,737,162	
LIABILITIES						
Non-current liabilities						
Debt	9	\$	1,039,621	\$	929,218	
Interest rate swaps	10		_		9,369	
Other liabilities			4,836		3,142	
Exchangeable units of subsidiaries	11		10,082		12,302	
Deferred income taxes	12		150,108		106,769	
		\$	1,204,647	\$	1,060,800	
Current liabilities						
Debt	9		91,866		8,526	
Interest rate swaps	10		_		9,567	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	13		38,373		30,039	
Distributions payable	20		4,412		4,309	
		\$	134,651	\$	52,441	
Total liabilities		\$	1,339,298	\$	1,113,241	
EQUITY						
Unitholders' equity		\$	740,510	\$	619,020	
Non-controlling interest	14		190,592		4,901	
Total equity		\$	931,102	\$	623,921	
Total liabilities and equity		\$	2,270,400	\$	1,737,162	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Year ended December 31, Note 2022 2021 \$ Rental revenue 15 177,485 \$ 138,275 (50,071) Property operating expenses (37,417)General and administrative expenses 16 (14,951)(10,421)Interest and finance costs (47,005) (41,591) 17 Share of income in joint venture investments 29,270 20,489 6 Transaction costs (1,734)(230)19 Change in fair value of financial instruments (9,185)18 Change in fair value of properties 5 80,719 67.290 \$ Net income before income taxes and unit expense \$ 127,210 173,713 Deferred income tax expense (33,679)(33,487)12 Current income tax expense (359)(2,331)12 (802)(3,964)Unit expense 11, 20 \$ 138,873 \$ Net income 87,428 Net income attributable to \$ 86,905 Unitholders 128,002 \$ 10,871 523 Non-controlling interest 14

Slate Grocery REIT

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

			ecember 31,		
	Note		2022		2021
Net income		\$	138,873	\$	87,428
Items to be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss					
Gain on cash flow hedges of interest rate risk, net of tax	10		25,249		2,307
Reclassification of cash flow hedges of interest rate risk to income	10		2,758		8,352
Other comprehensive income			28,007		10,659
Comprehensive income		\$	166,880	\$	98,087
Comprehensive income attributed to					
Unitholders		\$	153,154	\$	97,564
Non-controlling interest	14		13,726		523

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	ı	REIT units	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	Capital reserve	Non- controlling interest		Total
December 31, 2021		\$	576,540	\$ 57,137	\$ (13,233)	\$ (1,424)	\$ 4,901	\$	623,921
Net income and other comprehensive income			_	128,002	25,152	_	13,726		166,880
Distributions	11, 14, 20		_	(51,825)	_	_	(8,035))	(59,860)
Exchanges	11		2,140	_	_	_	_		2,140
Issuances, net of costs	11		18,021	_	_	_	_		18,021
Sale of interest in subsidiary	14		_	_	_	_	180,000		180,000
December 31, 2022		\$	596,701	\$ 133,314	\$ 11,919	\$ (1,424)	\$ 190,592	\$	931,102

	Note	REIT units	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	Capital o	Non- controlling interest	Total
December 31, 2020		\$ 463,603	\$ 14,431	\$ (23,892) \$	(1,424) \$	- \$	452,718
Net income and other comprehensive income		_	86,905	10,659	_	523	98,087
Distributions	11, 14, 20	_	(44,199)	_	_	(171)	(44,370)
Issuances, net of costs	11	112,937	_	_	_	_	112,937
Non-controlling interest on acquisition	14	_	_	_	_	4,549	4,549
December 31, 2021		\$ 576,540	\$ 57,137	\$ (13,233) \$	(1,424) \$	4,901 \$	623,921

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Year ended December 31, Note 2022 2021 **OPERATING ACTIVITIES** \$ \$ Net income 138,873 87,428 Items not affecting cash (238)Straight-line rent 5 (345)Change in fair value of financial instruments 18 9,185 Change in fair value of properties (80,719) (67,290)5 (2,618)IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment 5 (1,526)33.679 33.487 Deferred income tax expense 12 20 802 3,964 Unit expense Share of income in joint venture investments (29,270)(20,489)Interest and finance costs 47.005 41,591 17 Cash interest paid, net (45,047)(34,843)(4,933)Subscription receipts equivalent amount paid 11, 17 Changes in working capital items (3,481)4,575 \$ 58,986 Ś 50.804 **INVESTING ACTIVITIES** Acquisitions 4 (422,068)(119,119) 54,277 4,059 Dispositions (67,445)Investment in joint ventures 6 Contributions to joint venture investments (100)(376)Distributions from joint venture investments 7,218 4.480 6 Funds held in escrow 7 (124)19,682 (7,040)(4,688)Capital expenditures 5 (1,358)Leasing costs 5 (1,563)Tenant improvements 5 (2,200)(2,175)Development and expansion capital 5 (10,348)(23,708)\$ (381,743)\$ (190,853)FINANCING ACTIVITIES 146,224 Revolver advances, net of financing costs 9, 26 107,355 Term loan advances, net of financing costs 9, 26 269.619 (2)Mortgage advances, net of financing costs 9, 26 165,801 Revolver, term loan and mortgage repayments 9, 26 (185,318)(214,916)Sale of interest in subsidiary 180,000 14 Equity offering proceeds, net 11 18,021 99,098 **REIT** unit distributions 20 (51.709)(43.377)Exchangeable units of subsidiaries distributions 20 (822)(932)Distributions to non-controlling interest 14 (8,035)(171)\$ 329,111 \$ 151,725 Increase in cash 6,354 11,676 Cash, beginning of the period 14,038 2,362 \$ Cash, end of the period 20,392 \$ 14,038

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

DESCRIPTION OF THE REIT AND OPERATIONS

Slate Grocery REIT (the "REIT") is an unincorporated, open-ended mutual fund trust under and governed by the laws of the Province of Ontario. The REIT focuses on acquiring, owning, and leasing a portfolio of grocery-anchored real estate properties (the "properties") in the United States of America (the "U.S.").

The class U units of the REIT trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbols SGR.U and SGR.UN. The principal, registered, and head office of the REIT is 121 King Street West, Suite 200, Toronto, Ontario, M5H 3T9.

The objectives of the REIT are to:

- i. provide unitholders with stable cash distributions from a portfolio of grocery-anchored real estate properties in the U.S.;
- ii. enhance the value of the REIT's assets in order to maximize long-term unitholder value through active management; and
- iii. expand the asset base of the REIT and increase the REIT's earnings on a per unit basis, including through accretive acquisitions.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

i. Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

ii. Approval of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the trustees of the REIT and authorized for issuance on February 14, 2023.

iii. Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and measured at historical cost except for properties and certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair value.

The application of the going concern basis of preparation assumes that the REIT will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. The REIT expects to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future.

iv. Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in U.S. dollars, which is the REIT's functional currency and the functional currency of all of its subsidiaries.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the significant accounting policies described below.

i. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the REIT and its subsidiaries in accordance with IFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements. Intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated on consolidation.

A subsidiary is an entity over which the REIT has control. Control exists when the REIT has power over an investee, is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and has the ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns. The financial statements of a subsidiary are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. The accounting policies of a subsidiary are changed when necessary to align them with the policies applied by the REIT in these consolidated financial statements.

Changes in the REIT's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the REIT losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the REIT's interests and any non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to the unitholders of the REIT. When the REIT loses control of a subsidiary, for example through sale or partial sale, a gain or loss is recognized and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. When a non-controlling interest is first created through a transaction other than a business combination, the REIT accounts for the non-controlling interest at its fair value which equals the consideration received.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

ii. Joint arrangements

A joint arrangement is a contractual arrangement in which the REIT has joint control, established by contracts requiring unanimous consent for decisions about the activities that significantly affect the return of an arrangement. The REIT classifies joint arrangements as either joint operations or joint ventures.

A joint operation is a joint arrangement wherein the parties have rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities. The REIT's interest in a joint operation is accounted for based on the REIT's interest in those assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement wherein the parties have rights to the net assets. The REIT's investments in joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in a joint venture is initially recognized at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognize changes in the REIT's share of net assets of the joint venture since the acquisition date. The consolidated statement of income reflects the REIT's share of the results of operations of the joint venture. Any change in other comprehensive income ("OCI") of the joint venture is presented as part of the REIT's consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

iii. Properties

Properties include land and buildings held primarily to earn rental income, for capital appreciation or for both. The REIT accounts for the properties in accordance with IAS 40, *Investment Property* ("IAS 40"). For acquired properties that meet the definition of a business, the acquisition is accounted for as a business combination. Acquisitions of properties that do not meet the definition of a business are initially measured at cost including directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent to acquisition, properties are measured at fair value, which is determined based on available market evidence at the statement of financial position date including, among other things, rental revenue from current leases and reasonable and supportable assumptions that represent what knowledgeable, willing parties would assume about rental revenue from future leases less future cash outflows in respect of capital expenditures. Changes in fair value of properties are recognized in net income in the period in which they arise.

The carrying value of properties includes the impact of straight-line rent receivable, tenant inducements, direct leasing costs and adjustments related to the impact of IFRIC 21, Levies ("IFRIC 21").

Direct leasing costs include leasing commissions, lease incentives, and legal fees directly attributable to negotiating and arranging a lease. Lease incentives that are spent on improvements are referred to as tenant improvements and are capitalized. All other lease incentives are referred to as tenant inducements. Lease incentives that do not provide benefits beyond the initial lease term are included in the carrying amount of properties and are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of a lease as a reduction of revenue.

When a property is disposed of, the gain or loss is determined as the difference between the sales price and the carrying amount of the property and is recognized in net income in the period of disposal as a change in the fair value of property. Sales costs are recorded as transaction costs on the consolidated statement of income.

iv. Business combinations

The REIT accounts for property acquisitions as a business combination if the particular assets and set of activities acquired can be operated and managed as a business in its current state. The REIT applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for a business combination is the fair value of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the REIT. The total consideration includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired as well as liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The REIT recognizes any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognized amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

Any contingent consideration is recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of contingent consideration is recognized as a liability in accordance with IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* ("IFRS 9") primarily in net income or, in certain circumstances, as a change to other comprehensive income ("OCI"). Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not re-measured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured as the excess of the aggregate of the fair value of consideration transferred and the fair value of non-controlling interest over the identifiable net assets acquired. If the consideration is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is recognized in net income as a bargain purchase option.

v. Funds held in escrow

Funds held in escrow primarily represents restricted cash held in reserve for holdbacks for property taxes as required by mortgages and tenant leases

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

vi. Leases

Leases where the REIT, as the lessor, does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of its properties are classified as operating leases. Leases that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset are classified as finance leases. The REIT assesses the classification of leases at the inception date of the lease, being the date when the lease is signed. All of the REIT's leases are considered operating leases.

vii. Revenue recognition

Revenue from properties includes rents from tenants under lease agreements, percentage rents, property tax and operating cost recoveries and other incidental income. Lease components, including rents from tenants, percentage rents and property tax recoveries are accounted for pursuant to IFRS 16, Leases ("IFRS 16") and are therefore outside the scope of IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15") while non-lease components which includes operating cost recoveries are within the scope of IFRS 15. The REIT recognizes lease income when the tenant has a right to use the leased asset. This occurs on the lease commencement date or, where the REIT is required to make additions to the property in the form of tenant improvements that enhance the value of the property, upon substantial completion of those improvements. The total amount of contractual rent to be received from operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Straight-line rent receivables, which is included in the carrying amount of the property, is the difference between the cumulative lease income recorded and the contractual amounts due. Common area maintenance and other services are recognized in the period that services are performed and are chargeable to tenants.

viii. Expenses

Property operating expenses and general and administrative expenses are recognized in net income in the period in which they are incurred.

ix. Property tax liability and expense

IFRIC 21 provides guidance on when to recognize a liability for levies that are accounted for in accordance with the requirements of IAS 37, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, and those where the timing and amount of the levy are certain. Levies are outflows from an entity imposed by a government in accordance with legislation. The REIT has assessed property taxes as being within the scope of IFRIC 21, given that property taxes are non-reciprocal charges imposed by a government, in accordance with legislation, and are based on the assessed value of property. IFRIC 21 confirms that an entity recognizes a liability for a levy when, and only when, the triggering event specified in the legislation occurs. The REIT has determined that the liability to pay property taxes on its properties should be recognized at a point in time, being the start of the fiscal year. This resulted in the REIT recognizing the annual property tax liability and expense on its properties annually at January 1.

x. Other comprehensive income

Comprehensive income consists of net income and OCI. OCI represents items of income and expenses, including reclassification adjustments, that are not recognized in profit or loss, including the effective portion of hedging instruments.

xi. Income taxes

Subsidiaries of the REIT, Slate Grocery Investment L.P. ("Investment L.P."), and GAR (1B) Limited Partnership ("GAR B"), that hold the REIT's investments each made an election pursuant to the U.S. Internal Revenue Code, as amended, to be classified as corporations for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Consequently, Investment L.P. and GAR B are each considered a "foreign corporation" for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Slate Grocery Investment Inc. ("Investment Inc.") is a U.S. corporation formed in the state of Delaware. It is subject to federal and state income taxation on its allocable share in Slate Grocery Investment US L.P., a subsidiary of the REIT, and any subsidiaries thereof.

The REIT measures deferred tax liabilities of these subsidiaries by applying the appropriate tax rate to temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis. The appropriate tax rate is determined by reference to the rates that are expected to apply to the year and the jurisdiction in which the assets are expected to be realized or the liabilities settled. Deferred tax assets are recorded for all deductible temporary differences, carry forwards of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that deductions, tax credits and tax losses can be utilized. For the determination of deferred tax assets and liabilities where the property is measured using the fair value model, the presumption is that the carrying amount of a property is recovered through sale, as opposed to presuming that the economic benefits of the property will be substantially consumed through use over time. The REIT qualifies as a "mutual fund trust" under the Income Tax Act (Canada) and plans to distribute or designate all taxable earnings to unitholders and, under current legislation, the obligation to pay tax rests with each unitholder. Accordingly, no current or deferred tax provision is recognized on the REIT's income at the REIT level in addition to deferred tax amounts recorded in respect of Investment L.P., GAR B, and Investment Inc. on consolidation.

xii. Slate Grocery exchangeable units and GAR B exchangeable units

Class B units of Slate Grocery One L.P. ("LP1") and Slate Grocery Two L.P. ("LP2") (collectively, "Slate Grocery exchangeable units"), which are each subsidiaries of the REIT, are redeemable by the unitholder, for cash or class U units of the REIT at the option of the REIT and therefore are classified as financial liabilities under IAS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation ("IAS 32"). Exchangeable limited partnership units of GAR B ("GAR B exchangeable units") have also been issued from a subsidiary of the REIT and are redeemable for class U units at the option of the holder and therefore, are classified as financial liabilities under IAS 32.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Slate Grocery exchangeable units and GAR B exchangeable units (collectively, the "exchangeable units of subsidiaries") are designated as fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") under IFRS 9. Distributions paid on exchangeable units of subsidiaries are recorded as unit expense in the period in which they become payable.

xiii. REIT units

The REIT has class A units, class I units and class U units issued and outstanding (collectively, the "REIT units"). As an open-ended investment trust, unitholders of each class of units of the REIT are able to require the REIT to redeem at any time or from time to time at the demand of the unitholder all or any part of the REIT units held by the unitholder in an amount equal to redemption price, as specified by the REIT's Declaration of Trust. This redemption is to be provided in cash, subject to certain limitations. If a redemption is not satisfied in cash, the redemption price is to be paid by notes of the REIT or property of the REIT.

xiv. Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified as amortized cost, FVTPL, or fair value through OCI. The REIT has made the following classifications:

	Classification
Financial assets	
Cash	Amortized cost
Accounts receivable	Amortized cost
Tax Incremental Financing ("TIF") notes receivable	Amortized cost
Financial assets within other assets ¹	Amortized cost
Interest rate swaps ²	FVTPL
Financial liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost
Distributions payable	Amortized cost
Interest rate swaps ²	FVTPL
Revolver, term loans and mortgages	Amortized cost
Financial liabilities within other liabilities ³	Amortized cost
Exchangeable units of subsidiaries	FVTPL

¹Relates to funds held in escrow included in other assets.

All financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on initial recognition. Transaction costs, other than those related to financial instruments classified as FVTPL, are capitalized to the carrying amount of the instrument. These costs include amortization of discounts or premiums on borrowings, fees and commissions paid to agents, brokers and advisers, transfer taxes, and duties that are incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings.

Exchangeable units of subsidiaries are classified as FVTPL and are measured at fair value with gains and losses recognized in net income as unit expense.

Subsequent to initial recognition, debt instruments or other financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest method or at FVTPL. All recognized financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortized cost or FVTPL, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Fair value changes on derivatives that are designated and qualify for hedge accounting are recognized in OCI. Fair value changes on derivatives that are not designated or do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognized in profit or loss.

The REIT derecognizes a financial asset or liability when its contractual rights or obligations expire, or it transfers its rights or obligations in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred. Any rights and obligations created or retained by the REIT in a transfer are recognized as separate assets or liabilities.

Impairment of financial assets

The REIT uses an expected credit loss ("ECL") impairment model for financial assets measured at amortized cost or debt instruments measured at fair value through OCI. The ECL model uses an allowance for expected credit losses being recorded regardless of whether or not there has been an actual loss event. Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

² Interest rate swaps are held in a hedge relationship, such that fair value movements are recognized in OCI as opposed to profit or loss.

³Relates to rental security deposits included in other liabilities.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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The REIT recognizes lifetime ECL for trade receivables and 12-month ECL for TIF notes receivables and notes receivable. The amount of the expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument. If the credit risk is determined to increase significantly over the period, then the REIT would recognize lifetime ECL for TIF notes receivables and notes receivable.

xv. Fair values

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the REIT considers the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date, unless otherwise noted.

Except as noted, the carrying value of the REIT's financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values because of the short period until receipt or payment of cash. Fair value measurements recognized in the statements of financial position are categorized using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of inputs used in determining the fair values:

- · Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the REIT can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, which are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

Each type of fair value is categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

Exchangeable units of subsidiaries are measured at fair value based on the market trading price of REIT units consistent with Level 1. All other fair value measurements for non-derivative financial instruments are measured using Level 2 or Level 3 inputs.

The fair values of derivative instruments are calculated using quoted rates. The fair value of interest rate swaps, which is a Level 2 input, are calculated as the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at actively quoted interest rates and an applicable yield curve for the duration of the instruments.

xvi. Derivative financial instruments and hedging activities

A derivative financial instrument is initially recognized at its fair value on the date the contract is entered into and is subsequently carried at its fair value. The method of recognizing the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged.

The REIT uses certain financial instruments to hedge its exposure to certain market risks arising from operational, financial and investing activities. At the inception of the hedge transaction, the REIT documents the following:

- the type of hedge;
- the relationship between the hedging instrument and hedged item;
- hedge effectiveness; and
- the REIT's risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions.

The REIT documents and assesses hedge effectiveness on an ongoing basis, whether the hedging instrument is highly effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of hedged items.

Cash flow hedge - interest rate swaps

The REIT has entered into pay-fixed, receive-float interest rate swap contacts that are a cash flow hedge for interest rate risk exposure on the REIT's floating rate debt. These contracts entitle the REIT to receive interest at floating rates on a notional principal amount and obliges the REIT to pay interest at a fixed rate on the same notional principal amount. This allows the REIT to raise borrowings at floating rates and swap them into fixed rates.

The interest rate swaps are designated as cash flow hedges in OCI. Accordingly, the changes in fair value of the swaps are recorded in the hedging reserve in OCI to the extent the hedges are highly effective in offsetting the hedged risk.

As the critical terms of the interest rate swap contracts and their corresponding hedged items are the same, the REIT performs a qualitative assessment of effectiveness and it is expected that the value of the interest rate swap contracts and the value of the corresponding hedged items will systematically change in opposite direction in response to movements in the underlying interest rates. The REIT expects the interest rate swap contracts and their corresponding hedged items to operate on a one-to-one basis. The main source of hedge ineffectiveness in these hedge relationships is the effect of the counterparty and the REIT's own credit risk on the fair value of the interest rate swap contracts, which is not reflected in the fair value of the hedged item attributable to the change in interest rates.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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xvii. Deferred unit incentive plan

The REIT has a deferred unit incentive plan ("DUP") whereby trustees of the REIT, who are not also members of management may elect to receive all or a portion of their Trustee fees in the form of deferred units that vest immediately upon grant. Officers of the REIT may elect to acquire deferred class U units, which represent a right to receive class U units, in lieu of equivalent amounts of asset management fees for management services rendered by Slate Asset Management (Canada) L.P. (the "Manager").

The deferred units are equivalent in value to REIT units and accumulate additional deferred units at the same rate that distributions are paid on REIT units in relation to the market value of REIT units, as defined by the DUP. Deferred units may be redeemed by a participant for a period of two years after the participant ceases to be a trustee or officer of the REIT in whole or in part for cash or REIT units. The value of deferred units when converted to cash will be equivalent to the market value of REIT units on the date of the redemption request. Deferred units have been classified as a liability recorded within the other liabilities account balance, and measured at fair value. Initial recognition of the deferred units is recorded as a general and administrative expense. Subsequent changes in the fair value of deferred units are recorded in net income as unit expense.

xviii. Finance costs

Finance costs comprise interest expense on borrowings, amortization or derecognition of mark-to-market adjustment on assumption of mortgages, amortization of transaction cost and accretion expense.

xix. Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying disclosures. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions the REIT may undertake in the future, actual results may differ from these estimates.

Judaments

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements is discussed below:

• Business combinations

The REIT acquires real estate properties. At the time of acquisition, the REIT considers whether or not the acquisition represents the acquisition of a business. The REIT accounts for an acquisition as a business combination where an integrated set of activities is acquired in addition to the property. Consideration is made to the extent to which significant processes are acquired and the extent of ancillary services provided by the property, e.g. maintenance, cleaning, security, bookkeeping, etc. The significance of any process is judged with reference to the guidance in IAS 40 regarding ancillary services.

When the acquisition of a property does not represent a business, it is accounted for as an acquisition of assets and liabilities. The cost of the acquisition is allocated to the assets and liabilities acquired based upon their relative fair values, and no goodwill is recognized.

Control assessments

Assessing the REIT's ability to control, jointly control or influence the relevant financial and operating policies of another entity may, depending on the facts and circumstances, require significant judgment. In determining if the REIT has control over another entity, judgments are made when identifying which activities of the entity are relevant to significantly affecting returns and the REIT's ability to direct those activities. The REIT will also make judgments as to the potential voting rights, the existence of contractual terms that provide the ability to direct the relevant activities, and the extent to which decisions must be made unanimously with or independently of the other parties of the entity. The REIT considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not their voting rights, alongside all other powers implied or expressed in the terms of the contractual agreement into which it enters, are sufficient to infer control, joint control or significant influence. As part of this assessment, the REIT considers the contractual rights and obligations, voting rights, board representation and the legal structure of the joint arrangement along with other facts and circumstances present in the contractual agreement. This assessment of control impacts how the operations of these entities are reported in the REIT's consolidated financial statements.

Lease contracts

The REIT has entered into property leases on its property portfolio. The REIT makes judgments in determining whether certain leases, in particular those leases with long contractual terms, are operating or finance leases.

• Classification of REIT units and exchangeable units of subsidiaries

In determining whether REIT units and exchangeable units of subsidiaries should be classified as liabilities or equity, management has assessed whether REIT units contain a contractual agreement to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity, whether the units are puttable, and whether the criteria in IAS 32 that permit classification of a puttable instrument as equity have been satisfied.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Estimates

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. Estimates that have the most significant impact on the consolidated financial statements include:

Valuation of properties

On a quarterly basis, for properties that are not independently valued, the fair value of properties is determined by management using current leasing and market assumptions. For properties that are independently valued, management verifies inputs used to prepare the valuation report and holds discussions with the independent valuator.

The determination of the fair value of property requires the use of estimates such as future cash flows from assets, such as tenant profiles, future revenue streams and overall repair and condition of the property and capitalization rates applicable to those assets. These estimates are based on market conditions existing at the reporting date.

The following approaches, either individually or in combination, are used by management, together with the appraisers, in their determination of the fair value of the properties:

a. Income approach

This approach derives market value by estimating the future cash flows that will be generated by the property and then applying an appropriate capitalization rate to those cash flows. This approach can utilize the overall income capitalization method as described below:

Overall income capitalization method: The year income is stabilized and capitalized at a rate appropriate for each property. The most significant assumptions in determining fair values under the overall capitalization method include:

- i. Stabilized net operating income based on the location, type and quality of the properties and supported by existing lease terms, or external evidence such as current market rents for similar properties, adjusted for estimated vacancy rates based on current and expected future market conditions after expiry of any current lease and expected maintenance costs.
- ii. Capitalization rate based on location, size and quality of the properties and considering market data at the valuation date.

The REIT uses leasing history, market reports, tenant profiles and available appraisals, among other things, in determining the most appropriate assumptions.

b. Direct comparison approach

This approach involves comparing or contrasting the recent sale, listing or optioned prices of properties comparable to the subject and adjusting for any significant differences between them.

At December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the fair value of the REIT's properties is determined primarily using the overall income capitalization method. The REIT uses the sales price when a firm contract for the sale of a property exists.

The fair values of properties are measured individually without consideration to their aggregate value on a portfolio basis. No consideration is given to diversification benefits related to single property tenant risk and geography, the value of assembling a portfolio or to the utilization of a common management platform, amongst other benefits. As a result, the fair value of the REIT's properties taken in aggregate may differ from the fair value of properties measured individually in the REIT's consolidated statements of financial position.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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4. ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSITIONS

Acquisitions

The REIT acquired fourteen properties during the year ended December 31, 2022. The operational results of these properties have been included in these consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition.

Property	Purchase date	Location	Pu	rchase price
Centerplace of Greeley	June 30, 2022	Greeley, Colorado	\$	37,550
River Run	July 15, 2022	Miramar, Florida		18,719
Sheridan Square	July 15, 2022	Dania Beach, Florida		12,979
Flamingo Falls	July 15, 2022	Pembroke Pines, Florida		32,946
Northlake Commons	July 15, 2022	Palm Beach, Florida		21,065
Countryside Shoppes	July 15, 2022	Naples, Florida		12,979
Creekwood Crossing	July 15, 2022	Bradenton, Florida		34,942
Skyview Plaza	July 15, 2022	Orlando, Florida		33,040
Riverstone Plaza	July 15, 2022	Canton, Georgia		54,410
Fayetteville Pavilion	July 15, 2022	Fayetteville, North Carolina		41,831
Clayton Corners	July 15, 2022	Clayton, North Carolina		23,461
Apple Blossom Corners	July 15, 2022	Winchester, Virginia		36,939
Hilliard Rome Commons	July 15, 2022	Columbus, Ohio		16,722
Riverdale Shops	July 15, 2022	West Springfield, Massachusetts		46,923
Total			\$	424,506

The net cost of properties acquired in the year are are as follows:

Purchase price	\$ 424,506
Transaction costs	5,721
Properties	430,227
Working capital items	(8,159)
Total	\$ 422,068

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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During the year ended December 31, 2021, the REIT acquired 18 properties and one outparcel that is adjacent to an existing property. These 18 properties and one outparcel include 11 properties purchased as a part of an acquired interest in three grocery-anchored portfolios comprising an aggregate of 25 properties across the United States (see Portfolio Acquisition section below). The interests in 14 other properties purchased as a part of the Portfolio Acquisition are not held in entities consolidated by the REIT and are recorded as joint venture investments (note 6).

Property	Note	Purchase date	Location	Purchase interest	Pu	rchase price
Bells Fork Square		February 10, 2021	Greenville, North Carolina	100%	\$	9,250
Parkway Station		February 10, 2021	Warner Robins, Georgia	100%		7,892
Westin Centre		February 10, 2021	Fayetteville, North Carolina	100%		8,091
Tanglewood Commons		February 10, 2021	Clemmons, North Carolina	100%		15,089
Mission Hills Shopping Center		February 10, 2021	Naples, Florida	100%		13,863
Glenlake Plaza		July 15, 2021	Indianapolis, Indiana	100%		8,500
Bloomingdale Plaza outparcel		July 29, 2021	Brandon, Florida	100%		582
Prairie Point		September 9, 2021	Aurora, Illinois	100%		15,250
Tops Portfolio 12		September 22, 2021	New York, Ohio and Georgia	90%		151,902
Total					\$	230,419

¹ Included in the acquisition balance is \$15.8 million related to the non-controlling interest of the Tops Portfolio.

The net properties acquired for these acquisitions are as follows:

Purchase price	\$ 230,419
Transaction costs	3,861
Properties	234,280
Assumed debt	(112,330)
Working capital items	1,718
Non-controlling interest	(4,549)
Total	\$ 119,119

Portfolio Acquisition

On September 22, 2021, the REIT acquired an interest in three grocery-anchored portfolios comprising an aggregate of 25 properties and 3.1 million square feet in major metro markets across the United States (the "Portfolio Acquisition"). The Portfolio Acquisition was valued at \$390 million less the assumption of debt and subject to other adjustments. The operational results of these properties have been included in these consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition.

				Decei	mber 31, 2021
Portfolio	State	Note	Presentation	Number of properties	Ownership interest
Tops Portfolio	New York, Ohio and Georgia	4	Consolidation	11	90%
Tom Thumb Portfolio	Texas, Florida and California	6	Joint venture investments	10	90% – 95%
Other Grocery Portfolio	New York and Indiana	6	Joint venture investments	4	85%

² The REIT's policy is first to recognize each of the identifiable financial assets and liabilities at fair value upon initial recognition as required by IFRS 9, Financial Instruments, and then to allocate the remaining of the transaction price to the property.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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The following summarizes the net cash paid and working capital assumed, for the Portfolio Acquisition:

	Tops Portfolio		om Thumb Portfolio	Other Grocery Portfolio		Total
Properties	\$ 136,100	\$	137,620	\$ 116,280	\$	390,000
Assumed debt	(100,485))	(112,044)	(85,083)	ı	(297,612)
Cash consideration paid	\$ 35,615	\$	25,576	\$ 31,197	\$	92,388
Working capital items ¹	5,324		5,178	2,170		12,672
Transaction costs	1,456		1,952	1,372		4,780
Total	\$ 42,395	\$	32,706	\$ 34,739	\$	109,840

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Includes cash, funds held in reserve, and other working capital assumed on acquisition.

Dispositions

The REIT disposed of four properties and one property outparcel during the year ended December 31, 2022 as follows:

Property	Number of outparcels	Disposition date	Location	Sales price
East Little Creek	1	August 29, 2022	Norfolk, Virginia	\$ 2,000
Stadium Center	N/A	October 24, 2022	Port Huron, Michigan	5,734
Bloomingdale Plaza	N/A	October 27, 2022	Brandon, Florida	12,677
Westminster Plaza	N/A	November 10, 2022	Westminster, Colorado	19,960
Hilliard Rome Commons	N/A	November 21, 2022	Columbus, Ohio	15,600
Total				\$ 55,971
Sales price				\$ 55,971
Working capital items				(1,694)
Properties				54,277
Repayment of mortgage				(1,175)
Disposition costs				(1,734)
Total				\$ 51,368

The REIT disposed of one property outparcel during the year ended December 31, 2021 as follows:

Property	Number of outparcels	Disposition date	Location	Sales price
11 Galleria	1	April 1, 2021	Greenville, North Carolina	\$ 4,100
Sales price				\$ 4,100
Transaction costs				(176)
Working capital items				(41)
Total				\$ 3,883

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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5. PROPERTIES

On December 31, 2022, the REIT owned 117 properties, of which, 103 are in entities consolidated by the REIT. The remaining 14 properties are accounted as joint venture investments (note 6) and not included in the table below. The change in properties is as follows:

Year ended December 31, Note 2022 2021 \$ 1,608,655 \$ Beginning of the period 1,277,180 Acquisitions 4 430.227 234.280 Capital expenditures 7,040 4,688 Leasing costs 1,358 1,563 Tenant improvements 2.200 2.175 Development and expansion capital 10,348 23,708 Straight-line rent 238 345 Dispositions (55,971) (4,100)4 IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment 2,618 1,526 Change in fair value 80,719 67,290 End of the period \$ 2,087,432 \$ 1,608,655

Valuation assumptions used to estimate the fair value of all of the REIT's properties are as follows:

	Decem	nber 31, 2022 ¹	Decem	nber 31, 2021 ¹
Capitalization rate range	5	5.43% - 8.50%	5	.75% - 13.00%
Weighted average capitalization rate		6.80%		7.10%
Impact on fair value due to a 25 basis point change in capitalization rates	\$	89,924	\$	68,995
Impact on fair value due to a \$100,000 change in underlying annual stabilized income	\$	1,470	\$	1,408

¹Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

Under the fair value hierarchy, the fair value of the REIT's properties is determined primarily using the overall income capitalization method using level 3 inputs. The REIT uses the sales price when a firm contract for the sale of a property exists. The fair value of properties reflects the REIT's best estimates as at December 31, 2022.

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6. JOINT VENTURE INVESTMENTS

The REIT accounts for its joint venture investments using the equity method. The table below summarizes the REIT's investment in joint ventures:

			December 31,		Decer	mber 31, 2021
Portfolio	Anchors	State	Number of properties	•	Number of properties	Ownership interest
Tom Thumb Portfolio	Tom Thumb, Walmart, and Raley's	Texas, Florida, and California	10	90% - 95%	10	90% - 95%
Other Grocery Portfolio	Stop & Shop, Price Chopper, Acme Markets, and Strack & Van Til	New York and Indiana	4	85%	4	85%
Other	Kroger	Michigan	1	50%	1	50%

The change in the REIT's joint venture investments are as follows:

						[December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
	Т	om Thumb Portfolio	С	Other Grocery Portfolio	Other		Total	Total
Beginning of the period	\$	46,708	\$	37,712	\$ 2,884	\$	87,304	\$ 3,474
Initial investment		_		_	_		_	56,773
Working capital contributions		_		_	_		_	10,672
Net cost of equity investment	\$	46,708	\$	37,712	\$ 2,884	\$	87,304	\$ 70,919
Distributions, net of contributions		(2,982))	(3,336)	(800)		(7,118)	(4,104)
Share of income in joint venture investments		16,176		11,770	1,324		29,270	20,489
End of the period	\$	59,902	\$	46,146	\$ 3,408	\$	109,456	\$ 87,304

The financial position of the REIT's joint venture investments are as follows:

					December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
	-	Fom Thumb Portfolio	Other Grocery Portfolio		Total	Total
Assets						
Property	\$	183,859	\$ 154,588	\$ 21,200	\$ 359,647	\$ 336,450
Other non-current assets		_	1,165	_	1,165	4,167
Current assets		6,234	3,574	1,400	11,208	10,003
Total assets	\$	190,093	\$ 159,327	\$ 22,600	\$ 372,020	\$ 350,620
Liabilities						
Debt	\$	123,859	\$ 102,170	\$ 14,894	\$ 240,923	\$ 196,978
Other non-current liabilities		3	604	32	639	1,456
Current liabilities		1,987	2,263	857	5,107	52,095
Total liabilities	\$	125,849	\$ 105,037	\$ 15,783	\$ 246,669	\$ 250,529
Net assets at 100%	\$	64,244	\$ 54,290	\$ 6,817	\$ 125,351	\$ 100,091
At the REIT's interest 1	\$	59,902	\$ 46,146	\$ 3,408	\$ 109,456	\$ 87,304

¹ Excludes non-controlling interests of others.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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							Yea	r ended December 31,	
	Т	om Thumb Portfolio	Othe	er Grocery Portfolio	Other		2022		2021
Rental revenue	\$	17,368	\$	17,236	\$ 2,168	\$	36,772	\$	10,978
Property operating expenses		(5,556)		(6,410)	(798))	(12,764)		(2,309)
General and administrative expenses		(597)		(802)	(7)	(1,406)		(829)
Interest and finance costs		(4,068)		(3,425)	(515))	(8,008)		(2,480)
Change in fair value of financial instruments		_		2,009	_		2,009		327
Change in fair value of properties ²		10,345		5,240	1,800		17,385		15,923
Net income and comprehensive income at 100%	\$	17,492	\$	13,848	\$ 2,648	\$	33,988	\$	21,610
At the REIT's interest ¹	\$	16,176	\$	11,770	\$ 1,324	\$	29,270	\$	20,489

¹ Excludes the impact of non-controlling interests.

Dispositions

On April 12, 2022, the REIT disposed of a non-core outparcel in the Tom Thumb Portfolio at Heritage Heights, in Grapevine, Texas, at a sale price of \$0.9 million.

Debt refinancing

On October 1, 2022, the REIT made a drawdown totaling \$0.9 million in relation to the Other Grocery Portfolio's existing mortgage bearing interest at 3.75% and matures on October 1, 2026.

On June 13, 2022, the REIT refinanced the mortgage loan in relation to the Other Grocery Portfolio for \$46.5 million. The mortgage bears interest at 4.56% and matures on July 1, 2027.

On September 30, 2021, the REIT refinanced the mortgage loan in relation to the Other Grocery Portfolio for \$19.2 million. The mortgage bears interest at 3.75% and matures on October 1, 2026.

On July 2, 2021, the REIT refinanced the mortgage loan in relation to the Other Portfolio of \$15.5 million. The mortgage bears interest at 3.05% and matures on August 1, 2026.

Management fees

Pursuant to the terms of the property management and leasing agreement and the development services agreement the REIT provides property, leasing and development management services for its Other Portfolio. In return for its services, the REIT receives the following fees:

- property management fees calculated based on gross income of each tenant;
- · development fees for the management of the construction in adherence with the property's development plan; and
- leasing commissions for all executed leases.

² Included in the balance of change in fair value of properties for the year ended December 31, 2021 is the \$1.5 million difference related to the fair value of net assets at acquisition and the implied purchase price.

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OTHER ASSETS

Other assets are comprised of the following:

	Dec	ember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		
Current					
TIF notes receivable	\$	396	\$	427	
Funds held in escrow ¹		3,013		2,889	
Other ²		1,766		119	
	\$	5,175	\$	3,435	
Non-current					
TIF notes receivable	\$	1,015	\$	1,421	
Funds held in escrow		25		25	
Other ²		149		_	
	\$	1,189	\$	1,446	
Total	\$	6,364	\$	4,881	

¹Primarily includes funds held for property tax reserves.

TIF notes receivable are issued by the City of St. Paul and by the City of Brainerd in Minnesota, related to the REIT's Phalen Retail Center and East Brainerd Mall properties, respectively. The TIF notes obligate each municipality to pay certain tax increments resulting from increases, if any, from a reference amount in the taxable valuation of the respective property to the REIT.

8. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable is comprised of the following:

	Decem	ber 31, 2022	Decem	ber 31, 2021
Rent receivable	\$	7,193	\$	6,742
Allowance		(1,096)		(1,181)
Accrued recovery income		9,279		5,122
Other receivables		8,273		6,890
Total	\$	23,649	\$	17,573

Rent receivable consists of base rent and operating expense recoveries billed to tenants. Accrued recovery income represents amounts that have not been billed to the tenants and are generally billed and paid subsequent to the year in which they were incurred. Other receivables is primarily comprised of the gross amount of consideration for property taxes paid directly by tenants.

²Other primarily includes deposits and transaction costs.

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The change in the allowance is as follows:

		Year	ended De	nded December 31,	
		2022		2021	
Beginning of the period	\$	(1,181)	\$	(852)	
Allowance		(779)		(991)	
Bad debt write-off		355		227	
Bad debt recovery		509		435	
End of the period	\$	(1,096)	\$	(1,181)	

The REIT measures the allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected losses by taking into account past default experience and considering both current and potential bankruptcy, abandonment by tenants and certain tenant disputes.

The aging analysis of not credit-impaired rent receivable, net of allowance, is as follows:

	Decemb	per 31, 2022	Decemb	ber 31, 2021	
Current to 30 days	\$	2,226	\$	3,151	
31 to 60 days		1,188		981	
61 to 90 days		261		144	
Greater than 90 days		2,422		1,285	
Total	\$	6,097	\$	5,561	

9. DEBT

Debt held by the REIT at December 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Maturity	Remaining extension options	Coupon	Properties provided as security	Fair value of security	Maximum available	Principal	Available to be drawn 1
Revolver 12	March 21, 2024	Two six-month	S+195 bps 34	N/A ⁵	N/A ⁵	300,000	\$ 123,604	\$ 176,396
Term loan ¹	March 21, 2025	None	S+185 bps 3 4	N/A ⁵	N/A ⁵	225,000	225,000	_
Term loan 2 1	February 9, 2023	None	S+185 bps 3 4	N/A ⁵	N/A ⁵	83,000	83,000	_
Term loan 3 ¹	July 15, 2027	None	S+185 bps 3 4	N/A ⁵	N/A ⁵	275,000	275,000	_
Mortgage	December 6, 2024	None	4.03%	11	152,111	103,950	103,950	_
Mortgage	January 1, 2025	None	3.80%	3	91,400	40,110	40,110	_
Mortgage	July 1, 2025	None	4.14%	5	83,800	35,188	35,188	_
Mortgage	August 1, 2025	None	4.43%	1	13,222	7,700	7,700	_
Mortgage	March 18, 2030	None	3.48%	8	157,900	78,848	78,848	_
Mortgage	January 1, 2031	None	5.50%	1	23,700	5,915	5,915	_
Mortgage	May 1, 2031	None	3.75%	19	318,300	163,179	163,179	_
Total						1,317,890	\$ 1,141,494	\$ 176,396

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Debt held by the REIT at December 31, 2021 is as follows:

	Maturity	Remaining extension options	Coupon	Properties provided as security	Fair value of security	Maximum available	Principa		ailable to e drawn ¹
Revolver 12	March 21, 2024	Two six-month	L+205 bps 3 6	N/A ⁵	N/A ⁵	\$ 300,000	\$ 191,853	\$	108,147
Term loan ¹	March 21, 2025	None	L+195 bps ^{3 6}	N/A ⁵	N/A ⁵	225,000	225,000)	_
Term loan 2 1	February 9, 2023	None	L+195 bps ^{3 6}	N/A ⁵	N/A ⁵	83,000	83,000)	_
Mortgage	December 6, 2024	None	4.03%	11	146,556	103,950	103,950)	_
Mortgage	January 1, 2025	None	3.80%	3	84,500	41,249	41,249	1	_
Mortgage	July 1, 2025	None	4.14%	5	82,900	38,293	38,293	;	_
Mortgage	August 1, 2025	None	4.43%	1	11,222	7,700	7,700	1	_
Mortgage	March 18, 2030	None	3.48%	8	152,800	80,547	80,547	•	_
Mortgage	January 1, 2031	None	5.50%	1	23,000	6,480	6,480)	_
Mortgage	May 1, 2031	None	3.75%	19	303,200	166,385	166,385	i	
Total						\$ 1,052,604	\$ 944,457	\$	108,147

¹ Debt available to be drawn is subject to certain covenants as provided in the REIT's lending agreements, including generally, a maximum of 65% consolidated total indebtedness to gross asset value (the "consolidated leverage ratio"). The calculation of the consolidated leverage ratio is provided in note 22. The revolver, term loan, term loan 2, and term loan 3 provide for different spreads over one-month secured overnight financing rate ("SOFR") (December 31, 2021 – one-month U.S. LIBOR) depending on the consolidated leverage ratio.

² The revolver requires a stand-by fee to be paid in an amount equal to 0.25% of the unused portion of the revolver where the unused portion is greater than or equal to 50% of the maximum amount available and 0.15% of the unused portion of the revolver where the unused portion is less than 50% of the maximum amount available, calculated daily.

 $^{^3\,\}mbox{"S"}$ means SOFR, "L" means LIBOR, and "bps" means basis points.

⁴ The applicable spread for the revolver where the consolidated leverage ratio is; (i) less than or equal to 45% is 145 bps; (ii) greater than 45% but less than or equal to 50% is 155 bps; (iii) greater than 50% but less than or equal to 55% is 170 bps (iv) greater than 55% but less than or equal to 60% is 195 bps; and (iv) greater than 60% is 215 bps, and includes a 10 bps SOFR index adjustment. The applicable spread for the term loan, term loan 2 and term loan 3 where the consolidated leverage ratio is; (i) less than or equal to 45% is 135 bps; (ii) greater than 45% but less than or equal to 50% is 150 bps; (iii) greater than 55% but less than or equal to 55% is 160 bps (iv) greater than 55% but less than or equal to 60% is 185 bps; and (iv) greater than 60% is 205 bps, and includes a 10 bps SOFR index adjustment.

⁵ Debt is secured by a general pledge of equity of certain subsidiaries of the REIT. Collectively, those subsidiaries hold an interest in 55 of the REIT's properties at December 31, 2022 (December 31, 2021 – 45 of the REIT's properties).

⁶ The applicable spread for the revolver where the consolidated leverage ratio is; (i) less than or equal to 45% is 135 bps; (ii) greater than 45% but less than or equal to 50% is 145 bps; (iii) greater than 50% but less than or equal to 55% is 160 bps (iv) greater than 55% but less than or equal to 60% is 185 bps; and (iv) greater than 60% is 205 bps. The applicable spread for the term loan and term loan 2 where the consolidated leverage ratio is; (i) less than or equal to 45% is 125 bps; (ii) greater than 45% but less than or equal to 50% is 140 bps; (iii) greater than 50% but less than or equal to 55% is 150 bps (iv) greater than 55% but less than or equal to 60% is 175 bps; and (iv) greater than 60% is 195 bps.

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The carrying value of debt held by the REIT at December 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Effective rate 1	Principal	co-market ("MTM") nents and costs	Accumulate amortization of MTI adjustments an costs	of ∕I d	Carrying amount	Current	Non-current
Revolver	5.61%	\$ 123,604	\$ (1,829)	\$ 1,25	2	\$ 123,027	\$ _	\$ 123,027
Term loan	5.50%	225,000	(1,377)	74	5	224,368	_	224,368
Term loan 2	5.50%	83,000	(2,285)	2,23	6	82,951	82,951	_
Term loan 3	5.50%	275,000	(5,381)	360)	269,979	_	269,979
Mortgage	4.03%	103,950	570	(22	7)	104,293	_	104,293
Mortgage	3.80%	40,110	(1,549)	1,21	5	39,776	1,183	38,593
Mortgage	4.14%	35,188	(1,079)	86	5	34,974	2,048	32,926
Mortgage	4.43%	7,700	78	(2	3)	7,755	_	7,755
Mortgage	3.48%	78,848	(1,562)	38	1	77,667	1,759	75,908
Mortgage	5.50%	5,915	127	(2	3)	6,014	597	5,417
Mortgage	3.75%	163,179	(3,133)	63	7	160,683	3,328	157,355
Total		\$ 1,141,494	\$ (17,420)	\$ 7,41	3	\$ 1,131,487	\$ 91,866	\$ 1,039,621

The carrying value of debt held by the REIT at December 31, 2021 is as follows:

				МТМ	an	Accumulated nortization of MTM			
	Effective rate ¹	Principal	adju	stments and costs	adju	stments and costs 2	Carrying amount	Current	Non-current
Revolver	2.02%	\$ 191,853	\$	(1,829)	\$	798	\$ 190,822	\$ _	\$ 190,822
Term loan	1.92%	225,000		(1,377)		475	224,098	_	224,098
Term loan 2	1.92%	83,000		(2,285)		1,789	82,504	_	82,504
Mortgage	4.03%	103,950		636		(49)	104,537	_	104,537
Mortgage	3.80%	41,249		(1,549)		1,036	40,736	1,139	39,597
Mortgage	4.14%	38,293		(1,079)		779	37,993	1,917	36,076
Mortgage	4.43%	7,700		12		(1)	7,711	_	7,711
Mortgage	3.48%	80,547		(1,562)		234	79,219	1,699	77,520
Mortgage	5.50%	6,480		127		(19)	6,588	566	6,022
Mortgage	3.75%	166,385		(3,133)		284	163,536	3,205	160,331
Total		\$ 944,457	\$	(12,039)	\$	5,326	\$ 937,744	\$ 8,526	\$ 929,218

¹ The effective interest rate for the revolver, term loan, term loan 2 and term loan 3 includes the impact of unamortized financing costs not yet recorded in interest expense under the effective interest method. The revolver, term loan, term loan 2 and term loan 3 effective rates are based on the applicable one-month SOFR (December 31, 2021 – one-month U.S. LIBOR) rate under borrowings as at December 31, 2022.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the REIT made repayments, net of drawdowns totaling \$78.0 million on the REIT's existing revolver and mortgages.

On July 15, 2022, the REIT entered into a \$275.0 million term loan, with a 5-year term bearing interest at 175 basis points over adjusted one-month SOFR, subject to certain covenants. The proceeds from the term loan were used to fund acquisitions during the third quarter of 2022 and reduce borrowings on the revolving credit facility.

On July 15, 2022, the REIT amended the interest rate benchmark from one-month LIBOR to one-month SOFR for its revolving credit facility, term loan and term loan 2 totaling \$608.0 million.

² Excludes the impact of any available extension options not yet exercised.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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On September 22, 2021, as a part of the acquisition of the Tops Portfolio, the REIT assumed a \$104.5 million five-year mortgage, bearing interest at 4.0%, as well as a \$7.7 million six-year mortgage, bearing interest at 4.4%.

On January 14, 2021, the REIT entered into a \$169.0 million 10-year mortgage, bearing interest of 3.8%. The net proceeds from the loan were used to reduce the REIT's term loan to \$83.0 million.

10. INTEREST RATE SWAPS

The REIT has entered into certain pay-fixed receive-float interest rate swap contracts to hedge the cash flow risk associated with monthly SOFR based interest payments on the REIT's floating rate debt.

The terms of the interest rate swaps are as follows:

					We	Total/ eighted average
Pay-fixed rate	2.765%	2.822%	2.400%	2.650%		2.675%
Notional amount	\$ 175,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 137,500	\$ 137,500	\$	625,000
Receive-floating rate	One-month SOFR	One-month SOFR	One-month SOFR	One-month SOFR		
Maturity date	August 22, 2023	August 22, 2025	July 22, 2027 ¹	July 22, 2027		
Remaining term (years)	0.6	2.6	4.6	4.6		2.9

¹ The \$137.5 million interest rate swap with a pay-fixed rate of 2.4% contains a one-time cancellation option by the REIT'S counterparty on July 24, 2025.

On August 4, 2022, the REIT amended the interest rate benchmark from one-month LIBOR to one-month SOFR for its existing interest rate swaps. There is no economic impact on the financial statements of the REIT as a result of the amendment.

On July 15, 2022, the REIT entered into two pay-fixed, receive-float interest swap contracts to hedge the cash flow risk associated with monthly SOFR based interest payments, totaling \$275.0 million.

On January 14, 2021, in conjunction with the REIT's \$169.0 million mortgage transaction, the REIT terminated its \$150.0 million interest rate swap with a maturity date of February 26, 2021.

A reconciliation of the change in the fair value of the interest rate swaps and related deferred tax impact is as follows:

	Note	Fair val	ue of interest rate swaps	Deferred income tax	Net impact after tax
Balance, December 31, 2021		\$	(18,936)	\$ 4,867	\$ (14,069)
Change in fair value of cash flow hedges of interest rate risk included in the carrying amount of the hedged item			33,957	(8,708)	25,249
Net payments made	17		3,710	(952)	2,758
Balance, December 31, 2022		\$	18,731	\$ (4,793)	\$ 13,938

	Note	Fair val	ue of interest rate swaps	Deferred income tax	Net impact after tax
Balance, December 31, 2020		\$	(37,009)	\$ 9,550	\$ (27,459)
Change in fair value of cash flow hedges of interest rate risk included in the carrying amount of the hedged item			3,105	(798)	2,307
Cumulative gain arising on cash flow hedges to profit or loss			3,727	(996)	2,731
Net payments made	17		11,241	(2,889)	8,352
Balance, December 31, 2021		\$	(18,936)	\$ 4,867	\$ (14,069)

Foreign exchange forward

The REIT entered into a foreign exchange transaction on March 25, 2021 to sell C\$127.6 million at an exchange rate of 1.2633 and purchase U.S. dollars. On September 21, 2021, the REIT settled the forward for a net gain of \$1.0 million which is recorded in the statement of net income.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

11. REIT UNITS AND EXCHANGEABLE UNITS OF SUBSIDIARIES

At December 31, 2022, the REIT has the following REIT units issued and outstanding, in thousands of units:

	Class A	Class I	Class U
Authorized for issue	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited
Issued and outstanding	147	18	60,205

Each class of the exchangeable units issued by the REIT's subsidiaries are presented as financial liabilities in accordance with IAS 32.

Each REIT unit confers the right to one vote at any meetings of REIT unitholders. The REIT is also authorized to issue an unlimited number of special voting units. Special voting units are only issued in tandem with the issuance of securities redeemable for or exchangeable into REIT units. The special voting units do not have any economic entitlement in the REIT with respect to distributions but provide the holder with the same voting rights in the REIT as a holder of REIT units. Subsidiary of the REIT, GAR B exchangeable units are accompanied by an equivalent number of special voting units.

Each REIT unit entitles the holder to the same rights and obligations as any other REIT unitholder and no REIT unitholder is entitled to any privilege, priority or preference in relation to any other holder of REIT units of class A units, class I units and class U units of the REIT to participate in distributions made by the REIT including distributions of net income, net realized capital gains or other amounts and, in the event of termination or winding-up of the REIT, in the net assets of the REIT remaining after satisfaction of all liabilities. REIT units will be fully paid and non-assessable when issued and are transferable.

The REIT's Declaration of Trust grants holders of class A units and class I units of the REIT the right to convert all or any portion of their class A units and class I units of the REIT, at any time (the "conversion date"), into class U units by giving written notice to the REIT. On the applicable conversion date, the REIT will deliver to the class A unitholder or class I unitholder the applicable number of class U units for each class A unit or class I unit converted by such unitholder.

With certain restrictions, the unitholders have the right to require the REIT to redeem their units on demand. Upon receipt of the redemption notice by the REIT, all rights to and under the units tendered for redemption shall be surrendered and the holder thereof shall be entitled to receive a price per unit as determined by a market formula and shall be paid in accordance with the conditions provided for in the Declaration of Trust.

Exchangeable units of subsidiaries

Exchangeable units of subsidiaries are redeemable at the option of the holder, for cash or class U units of the REIT as determined by the REIT. Distributions paid on exchangeable units of subsidiaries are recorded as unit expense in the period in which they become payable.

Exchangeable units of subsidiaries are re-measured based on the quoted closing price of REIT units into which they are exchangeable with changes in fair value recognized in net income as unit expense.

At the Market Program

On March 30, 2022, the REIT established an at the market equity program ("ATM program") that allows the REIT to issue, at its discretion, up to \$150.0 million of class U units of the REIT to the public from time to time through an agent. Distributions pursuant to the ATM program will be made in accordance with the terms of an equity distribution agreement dated March 30, 2022 entered into among the REIT and the agent. The ATM program will be effective until April 28, 2024, unless terminated in accordance with the terms of the equity distribution agreement. As at December 31, 2022, the REIT issued a total of 1.4 million class U units of the REIT under the ATM program at an average share price of C\$16.95 (USD\$13.59) for proceeds, net of costs of \$18.0 million.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Subscription receipts

On March 31, 2021, the REIT completed a bought deal public offering of 11,420,000 subscription receipts of the REIT at a price of C\$11.65 per subscription receipt, for gross proceeds of C\$133.0 million. On September 22, 2021, one class U unit of the REIT was issued in exchange for each subscription receipt, without payment of additional consideration. The unitholders of the subscription receipts, on the date upon which the subscription receipts were exchanged for units of the REIT, received cash distribution equivalent payment of \$0.4268 being equal to the amount per REIT unit of any cash distributions made by the REIT for which record dates have occurred during the period from and including March 31, 2021 and September 22, 2021. The cash distribution equivalent payment of \$4.9 million has been recorded in interest and finance costs in the 2021 year.

The subscription receipts, which are classified as a financial liability were measured at fair value on initial recognition. Subsequent to initial recognition, the subscription receipts have been designated as fair value through profit or loss. As a result, a fair value gain of \$0.1 million was recognized at March 31, 2021.

Normal course issuer bid

The REIT had a normal course issuer bid ("NCIB") in place between May 26, 2020 to May 26, 2021. No class U units were purchased and subsequently canceled under the NCIB.

REIT units and exchangeable units of subsidiaries outstanding during the period and their respective class U equivalent amounts if converted is as follows, in thousands of units:

	F	REIT units		Exchangeable units of subsidiaries			Total class U units
Class / type	U	Α	1	LP1	LP2	GAR B	equivalent
Balance, December 31, 2021	58,342	148	282	28	920	132	59,852
Issued	1,425	_	_	_	_	_	1,425
Exchanged	438	(1)	(264)	_	(173)	_	_
Class U units equivalent, December 31, 2022	60,205	147	18	28	747	132	61,277

	R	Exchanç sul	Total class U units				
Class / type	U	Α	I	SG1	SG2	GAR B	equivalent
Balance, December 31, 2020	46,865	205	282	28	920	132	48,432
Issued	11,420	_	_	_	_	_	11,420
Exchanged	57	(57)	_	_	_	_	_
Class U units equivalent, December 31, 2021	58,342	148	282	28	920	132	59,852

The change in the carrying amount of exchangeable units of subsidiaries is as follows:

	Year	ended De	ded December 31,	
	2022		2021	
Beginning of the period	\$ 12,302	\$	9,566	
Exchanged	(2,140)		_	
Change in fair value	(80)		2,736	
End of the period	\$ 10,082	\$	12,302	

Deferred unit plans

Trustees of the REIT who are not members of management may elect to receive all or a portion of their trustee fees in the form of deferred units that vest immediately upon grant.

The REIT also offers DUP for officers of the REIT whereby officers may elect to receive deferred class U units, which represent a right to receive class U units, in lieu of an equivalent amount of asset management fees for management services rendered by the Manager.

The deferred units are equivalent in value to REIT units and accumulate additional deferred units at the same rate that distributions are paid on REIT units in relation to the market value of REIT units.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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The change in deferred units is as follows, in thousands of units:

	Year	ended De	ecember 31,
	2022		2021
Beginning of the period	208		165
Reinvested distributions	16		16
Issued	27		27
Redeemed	(55)		
End of the period	196		208
Fair value of units ¹	\$ 2,178	\$	2,367

¹ At the respective period end date.

Weighted average class U units outstanding

The following is the weighted average number of class U units outstanding on a fully diluted basis, in thousands of units:

	Year e	ended December 31,
	2022	2021
Class U units	59,633	50,037
Class A units	147	192
Class I units	184	282
Exchangeable units of subsidiaries	943	1,081
Deferred units	194	187
Total	61,101	51,779

Class U units outstanding

The following is the total number of class U units outstanding, if all other units of the REIT, its subsidiaries, and its DUP, were converted or exchanged, as applicable, for class U units of the REIT, in thousands of units:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Class U units	60,205	58,342
Class A units	147	148
Class I units	18	282
Exchangeable units of subsidiaries	907	1,080
Deferred units	196	208
Total	61,473	60,060

12. INCOME TAXES

The REIT qualifies as a mutual fund trust for Canadian income tax purposes. The REIT intends to distribute all of its taxable income to unitholders and is entitled to deduct such distributions for Canadian income tax purposes. Accordingly, no provision for current income taxes payable is required, except for amounts incurred in Investment L.P. and Investment Inc and GAR (1B).

Investment L.P. and GAR B made an election to be classified as corporations for U.S. federal tax purposes. Investment L.P. and GAR B are subject to U.S. federal and state income taxation on their allocable shares in LP1, a subsidiary of the REIT, and any subsidiary limited partnership thereof.

Investment Inc. is a U.S. corporation formed in the state of Delaware. It is subject to federal and state income taxation on its allocable share in Slate Grocery Investment US L.P., a subsidiary of the REIT, and any subsidiaries thereof.

The REIT is therefore subject to U.S. federal income taxation on its allocable share of rental income derived directly or indirectly through such subsidiary limited partnerships and corporations, on a net basis taking into account allowable deductions. Investment L.P. and GAR B are each subject to a combined federal and state income tax rate of 25.58% (December 31, 2021 – 25.70%). Investment Inc. is subject to a combined federal and state income tax rate of 25.12% (December 31, 2021 – 25.11%). To the extent U.S. taxes are paid by Investment L.P., GAR B and Investments Inc. such amounts will be creditable against an investor's Canadian federal income tax liability to the extent permitted by Canadian tax law.

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Total taxes paid as of December 31, 2022 was \$1.7 million (December 31, 2021 – \$3.8 million). Branch profit tax is tax imposed on U.S. earned income that is repatriated to Canada.

The loss carry-forwards and the tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities is as follows:

	Decen	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
Deferred tax assets					
Deferred financing costs	\$	16	\$	115	
Financial instruments		_		4,478	
Loss carry-forwards		8,454		_	
	\$	8,470	\$	4,593	
Deferred tax liabilities					
Financial instruments	\$	4,999	\$	_	
Properties		138,146		111,362	
Joint venture investments		15,433		_	
	\$	158,578	\$	111,362	
Deferred tax liabilities, net	\$	150,108	\$	106,769	
The following is a reconciliation of deferred tax liabilities during the period:					
		2022		2021	
Beginning of the period	\$	106,769	\$	69,607	
Deferred tax expense recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income		9,660		3,675	
Deferred tax expense		33,679		33,487	
End of the period	\$	150,108	\$	106,769	

A reconciliation between the expected income taxes based upon the statutory rates and the income tax expense recognized during the period is as follows:

	Year ended December			
	2022		2021	
Net income before income taxes and unit expense	\$ 173,713	\$	127,210	
Expected income tax expense at Canadian statutory tax rates of 26.5%	\$ 46,034	\$	33,711	
Income not subject to tax	\$ (6,871)	\$	(4,499)	
Branch profit tax	1,470		2,211	
Net effect of change in tax rates and differentials	(1,596)		(935)	
Other items	(4,999)		5,330	
Current and deferred income tax expense	\$ 34,038	\$	35,818	

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13. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are comprised of the following:

	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	16,315	\$	12,776
Prepaid rent		6,438		5,236
Tenant improvements payable		5,844		5,823
Taxes payable		597		310
Other payables		9,179		5,894
Total	\$	38,373	\$	30,039

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are operating expenses, property taxes, and capital and leasing expenses. Other payables include trustee fees, accrued interest payable and other non-operating items.

14. NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

North American Essential Fund

On July 15, 2022, the REIT established a partnership with the North America Essential Fund ("NA Essential Fund"), a vehicle with management services provided by the Manager. The NA Essential Fund has made an initial cash investment of \$180 million indirectly into the REIT's assets through the purchase of a 18.37% partnership interest in two of the REIT's subsidiaries, LP1 and Slate Grocery Investment US LP ("SGIUSLP"). The non-controlling interest in SGIUSLP includes the proportionate interest in the Tops Portfolio.

Tops Portfolio

On September 22, 2021, the REIT acquired all of the rights and obligations relating to the management of a grocery anchored portfolio comprising 11 properties and 1.3 million square feet in major metro markets in New York, Ohio, and Georgia. As a result of the acquisition of the management rights and other factors it was determined that the REIT obtained control with respect to its investment in Tops Portfolio. The operational results of these properties have been included in these consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition.

The REIT measures non-controlling interests in its subsidiaries at cost. The net assets attributable to the non-controlling interest and the REIT are as follows:

	Dece	mber 31, 2022	December 31, 202	
Assets				
Property	\$	2,086,638	\$	157,556
Other non-current assets		127,038		_
Current assets		50,909		6,466
Total assets	\$	2,264,585	\$	164,022
Liabilities				
Debt	\$	1,131,486	\$	112,248
Other non-current liabilities		29,161		_
Current liabilities		33,078		2,761
Total liabilities	\$	1,193,725	\$	115,009
Net assets	\$	1,070,860	\$	49,013
Net assets attributable to				
Unitholders of the REIT	\$	880,268	\$	44,112
Non-controlling interest	\$	190,592	\$	4,901

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The income attributable to the non-controlling interest and the REIT is as follows:

	 Year ended Decembe			
	2022		2021	
Rental revenue	\$ 103,033	\$	4,859	
Property operating expenses	(20,362)		(1,092)	
General and administrative expenses	(5,819)		(117)	
Interest and finance costs	(26,694)		(1,214)	
Transaction costs	(1,629)		_	
Change in fair value of property	14,802		2,805	
Share of income in joint venture investments	3,391		_	
Current income tax expense	42			
Net income	\$ 66,764	\$	5,241	
Items to be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss				
Gain on cash flow hedges of interest rate risk, net of tax	17,950		_	
Reclassification of cash flow hedges of interest rate risk to income	(971)		_	
Other comprehensive income	16,979		_	
Comprehensive income	\$ 83,743	\$	5,241	
Comprehensive income attributable to				
Unitholders of the REIT	\$ 70,017	\$	4,718	
Non-controlling interest	\$ 13,726	\$	523	

15. REVENUE

Revenue is comprised of the following:

		December 31,		
		2022		2021
Rental revenue	\$	132,416	\$	103,658
Common area maintenance recoveries		16,010		12,755
Property tax and insurance recoveries		24,789		18,539
Percentage rent		697		528
Other revenue ¹		3,573		2,795
Total	\$	177,485	\$	138,275

¹Other revenue includes straight-line rent, ground rent, termination fees, storage rent, and non-rental income.

The REIT enters into long-term lease contracts with tenants for space in the REIT's properties. Leases generally provide for the tenant to pay base rent, with provisions for contractual increases in base rent over the term of the lease, plus operating costs and property tax recoveries. Certain leases have limitations or escalation restrictions on the amount of recoveries or cost reimbursements, which the tenant is obligated to pay regardless of the actual costs incurred by the REIT to operate and maintain the properties.

The REIT's existing leases have a weighted average outstanding term of 4.5 years (December 31, 2021 – 4.7 years) certain of which include clauses to enable periodic increases in rental rates.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

The future minimum lease payments from the REIT's non-cancellable operating leases as a lessor are as follows:

	Decem	nber 31, 2022	2 December 31, 20		
In one year or less	\$	163,454	\$	136,596	
In more than one year but not more than five years		409,959		353,108	
In more than five years		167,781		165,471	
Total 1	\$	741,194	\$	655,175	

¹Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

General and administrative expenses are comprised of the following:

		Year	ended D	ecember 31,
	Note	2022		2021
Asset management fees	24	\$ 8,471	\$	6,070
Professional fees and other		4,839		3,232
Bad debt expense		884		691
Franchise and business taxes		757		428
Total		\$ 14,951	\$	10,421

17. INTEREST AND FINANCE COSTS

Interest and finance costs are comprised of the following:

		Year	ended D	led December 31,	
	Note	2022		2021	
Interest on debt and finance charges	9	\$ 41,338	\$	23,336	
Interest rate swaps, net settlement	10	3,710		11,507	
Interest income		(43)		(32)	
Amortization of finance charges and MTM premium	9	2,087		1,934	
Amortization of deferred gain on TIF notes		(87)		(87)	
Subscription receipts equivalent amount	11	_		4,933	
Total		\$ 47,005	\$	41,591	

18. CHANGE IN FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The change in fair value of financial instruments is comprised of the following:

					ecember 31,
	Note		2022		2021
Interest rate swaps	10	\$	_	\$	3,727
Subscription receipts	11		_		(13,839)
Foreign exchange forward contract	10		_		927
Total		\$	_	\$	(9,185)

19. TRANSACTION COSTS

Transaction costs for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$1.7 million (year ended December 31, 2021 – \$0.2 million), and primarily relate to costs of the disposition of properties and property outparcels.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

20. UNIT EXPENSE

Unit expense is comprised of the following:

		Year end			ended December 31,	
	Note		2022		2021	
Exchangeable units of subsidiaries distributions	11	\$	809	\$	932	
Change in fair value of DUP			73		296	
Change in fair value of exchangeable units of subsidiaries	11		(80)		2,736	
Total		\$	802	\$	3,964	

Unit distributions

Pursuant to the Declaration of Trust, the income of the REIT is distributed on dates and in amounts as determined by the board of trustees.

The following table summarizes the REIT's distributions and reconciliation to distributions paid or settled:

		Yea	r ended D	December 31,
Not	е	2022		2021
Declared				
REIT unit distributions	\$	51,825	\$	44,199
Exchangeable units of subsidiaries distributions		809		932
	\$	52,634	\$	45,131
Add: Distributions payable, beginning of period		4,309		3,487
Less: Distributions payable, end of period		(4,412)		(4,309)
Distributions paid	\$	52,531	\$	44,309

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

21. FAIR VALUES

Except as noted, the carrying value of financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values because of the short period until receipt or payment of cash.

The carrying amounts and fair values of the REIT's financial instruments are as follows:

			Decer	mber 31, 2022	December 31,			mber 31, 2021
	Carr	ying amount		Fair value	Car	rying amount		Fair value
Financial assets								
Cash	\$	20,392	\$	20,392	\$	14,038	\$	14,038
Accounts receivable		23,649		23,649		17,573		17,573
Interest rate swaps		18,731		18,731		_		_
TIF notes receivable		1,411		1,517		1,848		1,943
Financial assets within other assets ¹		3,038		3,038		2,914		2,914
Total financial assets	\$	67,221	\$	67,327	\$	36,373	\$	36,468
Financial liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	38,373	\$	38,373	\$	30,039	\$	30,039
Distributions payable		4,412		4,412		4,309		4,309
Interest rate swaps		_		_		18,936		18,936
Revolver		123,027		123,604		190,822		191,853
Term loan		224,368		225,000		224,098		225,000
Term loan 2		82,951		83,000		82,504		83,000
Term loan 3		269,979		275,000		_		_
Mortgages		431,162		399,337		440,320		450,943
Financial liabilities within other liabilities ²		4,836		4,836		3,142		3,142
Exchangeable units of subsidiaries		10,082		10,082		12,302		12,302
Total financial liabilities	\$	1,189,190	\$	1,163,644	\$	1,006,472	\$	1,019,524

¹Relates to funds held in escrow included in other assets.

² Relates to rental security deposits included in other liabilities.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

The fair value hierarchy of financial assets and financial liabilities is as follows:

December 31, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Cash	\$ 20,392	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 20,392
Accounts receivable	_	23,649	_	23,649
Interest rate swaps	_	18,731	_	18,731
TIF notes receivable	_	_	1,517	1,517
Financial assets within other assets ¹	3,038	_	_	3,038
Total financial assets	\$ 23,430	\$ 42,380	\$ 1,517	\$ 67,327
Financial liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ _	\$ 38,373	\$ _	\$ 38,373
Distributions payable	_	4,412	_	4,412
Revolver	_	123,604	_	123,604
Term loan	_	225,000	_	225,000
Term loan 2	_	83,000	_	83,000
Term loan 3	_	275,000	_	275,000
Mortgages	_	399,337	_	399,337
Financial liabilities within other liabilities ²	4,836	_	_	4,836
Exchangeable units of subsidiaries	10,082	_	_	10,082
Total financial liabilities	\$ 14,918	\$ 1,148,726	\$ -	\$ 1,163,644

December 31, 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Cash	\$ 14,038	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 14,038
Accounts receivable	_	17,573	_	17,573
TIF notes receivable	_	_	1,943	1,943
Financial assets within other assets ¹	2,914	_	_	2,914
Total financial assets	\$ 16,952	\$ 17,573	\$ 1,943	\$ 36,468
Financial liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ _	\$ 30,039	\$ _	\$ 30,039
Distributions payable	_	4,309	_	4,309
Interest rate swaps	_	18,936	_	18,936
Revolver	_	191,853	_	191,853
Term loan	_	225,000	_	225,000
Term loan 2	_	83,000	_	83,000
Mortgages	_	450,943	_	450,943
Financial liabilities within other liabilities ²	3,142	_	_	3,142
Exchangeable units of subsidiaries	12,302	_	 	12,302
Total financial liabilities	\$ 15,444	\$ 1,004,080	\$ _	\$ 1,019,524

¹Relates to funds held in escrow included in other assets.

²Relates to rental security deposits included in other liabilities.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

22. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The REIT's capital management objectives are to:

- i. ensure compliance with the REIT's Declaration of Trust;
- ii. ensure compliance with restrictions in debt agreements; and
- iii. provide sufficient liquidity to operate the REIT's properties, fund obligations as they become due and build unitholder value.

Procedures to monitor compliance with the Declaration of Trust and debt agreements are performed as a part of the overall management of operations and periodically by review of the REIT's board of trustees and reporting to the REIT's lender. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the REIT may issue trust units, debentures, or mortgage debt, adjust the amount of distributions paid to unitholders, return capital to unitholders, or reduce or increase debt.

The REIT considers its debt and equity instruments to be its capital as follows:

	Note	Decer	mber 31, 2022	Decer	mber 31, 2021
Debt	9	\$	1,131,487	\$	937,744
Exchangeable units of subsidiaries	11		10,082		12,302
Equity			931,102		623,921
Total		\$	2,072,671	\$	1,573,967

The Declaration of Trust provides that the REIT is not permitted to exceed financial leverage in excess of 65% of gross book value, as defined by the Declaration of Trust, and is calculated as follows:

	Dec	ember 31, 2022	Dece	mber 31, 2021
Gross book value	\$	2,270,400	\$	1,737,162
Debt		1,131,487		937,744
Leverage ratio		49.8%		54.0%

Additional investment and operating guidelines are provided for by the Declaration of Trust. The REIT is in compliance with these guidelines.

The REIT's revolver, term loan, term loan 2 and term loan 3 are subject to financial and other covenants. The following are the primary financial covenants, with all terms defined by the respective lending agreement:

	Threshold	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Maximum leverage ratio: consolidated total indebtedness shall not exceed 65% of gross asset value	< 65%	54.2%	61.8%
Minimum fixed charge coverage ratio: adjusted EBITDA to consolidated fixed charges shall not be less than 1.50x $^{\rm 1}$	> 1.50x	2.34x	1.94x

¹ Adjusted EBITDA is defined as earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, and amortization, as defined by the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement for the revolver and term loan, the Amended Credit Agreement for term loan 2 and the Credit Agreement for term loan 3.

23. RISK MANAGEMENT

The REIT's risk management policies are established to identify, analyze, and manage the risks faced by the REIT and to implement appropriate procedures to monitor risks and adherence to established controls. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed periodically in response to the REIT's activities and to ensure applicability.

In the normal course of business, the main risks arising from the REIT's use of financial instruments include credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. These risks, and the actions taken to manage them, include:

i. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the REIT associated with the failure of a tenant or other party to meet its contractual obligations related to lease agreements, including future lease payments and loan arrangements and TIF notes receivables. The risk is mitigated by carrying out appropriate credit checks and related due diligence on the significant tenants.

As of December 31, 2022, one individual tenant accounted for 6.5% (December 31, 2021 - 8.1%) of the REIT's base rent.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

ii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the REIT will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The REIT's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure sufficient financial resources are available to meet its liabilities as they become due. This includes monitoring of cash, current receivables, current payables, and non-current liabilities as they become current.

Real property investments tend to be relatively illiquid, with the degree of liquidity generally fluctuating in relation to the demand for and the perceived desirability of such investments. Such illiquidity can limit the REIT's ability to vary its portfolio promptly in response to changing economic or investment conditions. If the REIT were required to liquidate a real property investment promptly, the proceeds to the REIT might be significantly less than the aggregate carrying value of such property.

The REIT's contractual commitments as at December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	Total contractual				
	cash flow	2023	2024-2025	2026-2027	Thereafter
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 38,373	\$ 38,373	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _
Revolver 12	123,604	_	123,604	_	_
Revolver interest payable 123	10,083	8,350	1,733	_	_
Term loan 12	225,000	_	225,000	_	_
Term loan interest payable 12	30,753	15,088	15,665	_	_
Term loan 2 24	83,000	83,000	_	_	_
Term loan 2 interest payable 12	562	562	_	_	_
Term loan 3 ²⁴	275,000	_	_	275,000	_
Term loan 3 interest payable ^{2 4}	68,741	18,166	29,601	20,974	_
Mortgages	434,890	8,916	195,762	13,011	217,201
Mortgage interest payable	82,520	16,603	25,979	16,536	23,402
Exchangeable units of subsidiaries	10,082	_	_	_	10,082
Total	\$ 1,382,608	\$ 189,058	\$ 617,344	\$ 325,521	\$ 250,685

¹ Revolver and term loan interest payable is calculated on its balance outstanding using an estimated "all in" interest rate of 6.61% and 6.71%, respectively, under the "2023" column. The revolver and term loan long-term average interest rates are based on the one-month SOFR forward curve plus the specified margin for the SOFR rate option under the term loan resulting in "all-in" interest rate of 6.25% and 5.71%, respectively. The total revolver and term loan interest payable is calculated until maturity of the initial term.

² Excludes the impact of the REIT's \$625.0 million pay-fixed, receive-float interest rate swaps that hedge a portion of the cash flow risk associated with one-month SOFR based

³ Includes stand-by fee on the revolver to be paid in an amount equal to 0.25% of the unused portion of the revolver where the unused portion is greater than or equal to 50% of the maximum amount available and 0.15% of the unused portion of the revolver where the unused portion is less than 50% of the maximum amount available, calculated daily.

⁴ Term loan 2 and term loan 3 interest payable is calculated on its balance outstanding at period end, using an estimated "all in" interest rate of 6.18% and 6.61%, respectively,

⁴ Term loan 2 and term loan 3 interest payable is calculated on its balance outstanding at period end, using an estimated "all in" interest rate of 6.18% and 6.61%, respectively, under the "2023" column. The long-term average interest rate is based on the one-month SOFR curve plus the specified margin for the SOFR rate option under the term loan 3 resulting in an anticipated increase to the "all-in" interest rate to 5.20%. The total term loan 2, and term loan 3 interest payable is calculated until maturity.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

The REIT's contractual commitments as at December 31, 2021 are as follows:

	Total contractual cash flow	2022	2023-2024	2025-2026	Thereafter
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 30,039	\$ 30,039	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _
Revolver 12	191,853	_	191,853	_	_
Revolver interest payable 123	13,017	5,005	8,012	_	_
Term loan 12	225,000	_	_	225,000	_
Term loan interest payable 12	22,138	5,454	14,930	1,754	_
Term loan 2 24	83,000	_	83,000	_	_
Term loan 2 interest payable ²⁴	2,271	2,012	259	_	_
Mortgages	444,604	8,526	122,033	90,213	223,832
Mortgage interest payable	99,647	16,993	32,966	18,144	31,544
Interest rate swap, net of cash outflows	18,936	9,567	7,715	1,654	_
Exchangeable units of subsidiaries	12,302	_	_	_	12,302
Total	\$ 1,142,807	\$ 77,596	\$ 460,768	\$ 336,765	\$ 267,678

¹ Revolver and term loan interest payable is calculated on \$191.9 million and \$225.0 million (balance outstanding) using an estimated "all in" interest rate of 2.52% and 2.42% respectively under the "2022" column. The long-term average interest rate is based on the 30-day LIBOR forward curve plus the specified margin for the LIBOR rate option under the term loan resulting in "all-in" interest rate of 2.33%. The total revolver and term loan interest payable is calculated until maturity of the initial term.

The REIT maintains \$8.0 million in cash to satisfy a mortgage covenant that is recorded in the cash balance on the statement of financial position.

iii. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that the value of, or cash flows related to, a financial instrument will vary as a result of changes in market interest rates. The REIT manages its financial instruments with the objective of mitigating any potential interest rate risks. For the revolver, term loan, term loan 2, and term loan 3, interest rate on the loans will vary depending on changes in base rate and/or SOFR rate. The REIT is subject to interest rate risks mainly from non-current debt that has variable interest rate. The REIT manages these cash flow interest rate risks using pay-fixed received-float interest rate swap contracts to swap the floating-rate payments on the credit facility for fixed rate payments.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis

The interest rate profile of variable rate interest bearing debt and associated interest rate sensitivity to changes in interest rates is as follows:

	Dece	ember 31, 2022	Dece	ember 31, 2021
Variable-rate instruments				
Revolver	\$	123,604	\$	191,853
Term loan		225,000		225,000
Term loan 2		83,000		83,000
Term loan 3		275,000		_
Effect of interest rate swaps		(625,000)		(450,000)
Total effective variable-rate debt	\$	81,604	\$	49,853
Effective fixed rate debt as a total of all debt		92.9%		94.7%
Annual impact of a 25 bps change on interest rates	\$	204	\$	125

² Excludes the impact of the REIT's \$450.0 million pay-fixed, receive-float interest rate swaps that hedge a portion of the cash flow risk associated with one-month LIBOR based interest payments.

³ Includes stand-by fee on the revolver to be paid in an amount equal to 0.25% of the unused portion of the revolver where the unused portion is greater than or equal to 50% of the maximum amount available and 0.15% of the unused portion of the revolver where the unused portion is less than 50% of the maximum amount available, calculated daily.

⁴ Term loan 2 interest payable is calculated on \$83.0 million (balance outstanding) using an estimated "all in" interest rate of 2.42% under the "2022" column. The long-term average interest rate is based on the 30-day LIBOR curve plus the specified margin for the LIBOR rate option under the term loan 2 and results in an anticipated increase to the "all-in" interest rate to 2.92%. The total term loan 2 interest payable is calculated until maturity.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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iv. Unit price risk

The REIT is exposed to unit price risk in net income as a result of its exchangeable units of subsidiaries. Exchangeable units of subsidiaries have been classified as liabilities and measured at fair value based on market trading prices. Exchangeable units of subsidiaries negatively impact net income when the unit price rises and positively impact net income when unit prices decline. An increase of \$1.00 in the underlying price of exchangeable units of subsidiaries results in an increase to liabilities and a decrease in net income of \$0.9 million.

v. Currency risk

Currency risk is associated with a fluctuation in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to other foreign currencies. Although not material, the REIT is exposed to currency risk as certain of the REIT's expenses are denominated in Canadian dollars.

24. RELATED PARTIES

Pursuant to the terms of a management agreement as amended on October 1, 2021, the Manager provides all management services to the REIT. The Manager agreed to provide certain services in connection with the business of the REIT, including: the structuring of the REIT, liaising with legal and tax counsel; identifying properties for acquisition; maintaining ongoing relationships with the lenders in respect of the mortgage loans for the properties; conducting continuous analysis of market conditions; and advising with respect to the disposition of the properties. In return for its service, the Manager receives the following fees:

- i. an asset management fee calculated as a percentage of gross book value ("GBV") of the REIT (the "rate"). A rate of 0.40% is applicable to a GBV of up to \$2.0 billion and reduced based on certain GBV increases; and
- ii. an acquisition fee in an amount equal to 0.75% of the gross purchase price of each property (or interest in a property), including the price, due diligence costs, closing costs, legal fees, and additional capital costs for all properties indirectly acquired by the REIT.

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are in accordance with the management agreement and are measured at the exchange amount. The exchange amount is the consideration established under contract and as approved by the REIT's board of trustees. The Manager is a significant unitholder in the REIT, with an approximate 5.6% interest.

Fees to the Manager are as follows:

		Year	ended De	ecember 31,
		2022		2021
Asset management	\$	8,471	\$	6,070
Acquisition		3,205		1,733
Total	\$	11,676	\$	7,803

Trustee fees

The REIT's key personnel include trustees and officers of the REIT. For the year ended December 31, 2022, trustee fees amounted to \$0.7 million (year ended December 31, 2021 – \$0.6 million).

25. SEGMENTS

The REIT has only one reportable segment. The REIT owns and operates properties in the U.S. The REIT identifies each property as an individual operating segment and has aggregated them into a reportable segment based on similarity in the nature of the tenants and operational processes.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

26. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities are as follows:

	Revolver ¹	Т	Ferm Loan ¹	Term Loan 2 1	Te	erm loan 3 ¹	Mortgages	Exchangeable units of subsidiaries	Total
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$ 190,822	\$	224,098	\$ 82,504	\$	_	\$ 440,320	\$ 12,302	
Cash flows									
Advances, net	107,355		_	_		269,619	_	_	376,974
Debt repayments	(175,604))	_	_		_	(9,714)	_	(185,318)
Non-cash changes									
Amortization of MTM adjustments and costs	454		270	447		360	556	_	2,087
Exchanges	_		_	_		_	_	(2,140)	(2,140)
Change in fair value	_		_	_		_	_	(80)	(80)
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 123,027	\$	224,368	\$ 82,951	\$	269,979	\$ 431,162	\$ 10,082	

	Revolver ¹	Term Loan ¹	Term Loan 2	Term loan 3 ¹	Mortgages	Exchangeable units of subsidiaries	Total
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$ 84,381	\$ 223,838	\$ 248,902	\$ -	\$ 169,252	\$ 9,566	
Cash flows							
Advances, net	146,224	_	(2)	_	165,801	_	312,023
Assumption of debt	_	_	_	_	112,330	_	112,330
Debt repayments	(40,222)	_	(167,000)	_	(7,694)	_	(214,916)
Non-cash changes							
Amortization of MTM adjustments and costs	439	260	604	_	631	_	1,934
Change in fair value	_	_	_	_	_	2,736	2,736
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$ 190,822	\$ 224,098	\$ 82,504	\$ -	\$ 440,320	\$ 12,302	

¹ Changes in financial instruments that hedge the REIT's liabilities arising from financing activities include the REIT's interest rate swaps. Refer to note 10 for more detail.

27. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- i. On January 15, 2023, the REIT declared monthly distributions of \$0.072 per class U unit. Holders of class A units, class I units and units of subsidiaries of the REIT were also entitled to receive an equivalent distribution.
- ii. On January 27, 2023, the REIT commenced a normal course issuer bid ("NCIB"), effective as at the open of markets on February 1, 2023, to repurchase for cancellation up to 5.7 million class U Units of the REIT. No class U units have been purchased and subsequently cancelled under the NCIB.
- iii. On February 1, 2023, the REIT closed a \$56.0 million mortgage loan with a 2033 maturity. The net proceeds from the loan were used to paydown the REIT's nearest term debt maturity in 2023 to \$83.0 million.